

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/092,758	03/07/2002	Tien M. Nguyen	D-422	2860
	7590 12/29/2006		EXAM	INER
Derrick M. Reid Patent Attorney The Aerospace Corporation P. O. Box 92957 (M1/040) Los Angeles, CA 90009-2957			WONG, LINDA	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		*	2611	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		12/29/2006	. PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	<del>,</del>					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	10/092,758	NGUYEN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Linda Wong	2611				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was precised to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	J. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 O</u>	ctoher 2006					
	<u> </u>					
<i>,</i>	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is					
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> </ol>						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date  6) Other:						

Application/Control Number: 10/092,758 Page 2

Art Unit: 2611

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10/2/2006 has been entered.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-3,5-7,9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Marko et al (US Patent No.: 5463351).
  - a. Claim 1,
    - Marko et al discloses:
      - A data transition generator (Fig. 9b, label 948) for generating data transition pulses from a received baseband signal (Col. 7, lines 30-33,
         Col. 1, lines 55-62), wherein the received signal is inherently a self

Art Unit: 2611

clocked signal. The received signals are further transmitted/received by a receiver front end coupled to a time division multiplexor for providing time division multiplexed framed digital signals. Framed digital signals would inherently comprise multiple or many bits within a frame or period. (Col. 2, lines 51-67 and Col. 3, lines 1-5) Since the data transition pulses are generated from the received signals, wherein the received signals contain bits within a frame, the data transition pulses are in synchronous with the received signal.

Page 3

- A phase detector (Fig. 9b, label 950) for comparing the data transition pulses (Fig. 9b, label 948) with the adjusted timing pulses (Fig. 9b, label wide BW recovered clock) for generating early and late signals (Fig. 9b, labels early/late), wherein the early and late signals are inherently generated when the data transition pulses (Fig. 9b, output from label 948) leads or lags the adjusted timing pulses (Fig. 9b, label wide bw received clock).
- A counter or random walk counter (Fig. 9b, label 956) for counting the
  early signals and lag signals (Fig. 9b, label 952), wherein multiple
  frames of data is received (Col. 2, lines 61-67 and Col. 3, lines 1-5), the
  count would be performed for a plurality of bit periods.
- A threshold comparator (Fig. 9b, label 966) for comparing the count outputted by the counter (Fig. 9b, label 956) with a predetermined threshold (Fig. 9b, label 964) and

Application/Control Number: 10/092,758 Page 4

Art Unit: 2611

• A timing pulse delay adjustor (Fig. 9b; labels 970,974,976 and Fig. 4, label 436) for adjusting the timing pulse delay communicated to the phase detector (Fig. 9b, label 950) for adjusting the phase of the adjusted timing pulses (Col. 4, lines 18-39), which inherently adjusts the time or delays the pulses. The adjustment to the timing pulses occurs when the count exceeds the predetermined threshold. (Col. 9, lines 15-30) The phase detector synchronizes the delayed or adjusted timing pulses with the data transition pulses (Fig. 9b, label 950), wherein the data transition pulses are generated from the received signals. The received signals contain bits within a frame and multiple frames are received. (Col. 2, lines 51-67 and Col. 3, lines 1-5)

- Claim 2, Marko et al discloses a data detector (Fig. 9b, label 948), wherein the transition detector detects and generates transitions by sampling the received signal. (Col. 8, lines 62-67)
- c. Claim 3, Marko et al discloses "the predetermined wide loop BW value 964 set by the controller 962 is preferably less than 20...", which indicates the controller sets the value of the predetermined threshold or predetermined wide loop BW value on some value that is preferably less than 20. Such a value can be selected to be any value as long as the above criterion is maintained. (Col. 9, lines 24-29)

## d. Claim 5,

i. Marko et al teaches

Art Unit: 2611

 "a count magnitude generator for generating the magnitude count from the running count," (see the output magnitude from the early/late count Fig. 9, label 960)

Page 5

- "the magnitude count being fed to the threshold count comparator for determining when the running count exceeds the predetermined first threshold count value, and" (see input to a comparator, which compares the count with a threshold (Fig. 9, label 966)
- "a count sign clipper for generating a count sign from the running count,
  the count sign being fed to the timing pulse delay adjustor for
  generating a timing pulse delay to adjust the adjusted timing pulses,"
  (see sign outputted from label 956 in Fig. 9b)
- "the sign count for increasing the timing pulse delay when the data
  transition pulses arrive late relative to the adjusted timing pulses and for
  decreasing the timing pulse delay when the data transition pulses arrive
  early relative to the adjusted timing pulses" (see Col. 3, lines 55-66
  which explains counts up for a lead and down for lag)

#### e. Claim 6,

- i. Marko et al discloses
  - "a data transition pulse generator for generating the data transition pulses" (see Fig. 9b, label 948)
  - " a timing delay for delaying reference timing pulses into the adjusted timing pulse" (see Fig. 9b, labels 970,975,978)

Art Unit: 2611

• "a lead and lag generator for generating lead and lag signals for early and late arrivals of the data transition pulses relative to the adjusted timing pulses" (see Fig. 9b, labels 952 and 950).

Page 6

- f. Claim 7 recites similar limitations regarding the "data transition pulse generator ...", "timing delay ...", "data transition pulse counter ...", and "lead and lag generator ..." as claim 6. The rejection for claim 7 regarding the limitations stated above is as stated for claim 6.
  - Claim 6 does not recite the limitation "when one and only one data transition pulse occurs within each search window following an adjusted timing pulse".
    - Marko et al discloses receiving input bits within a frame, wherein the received signal is used within the transition detector and the phase detector (Fig. 9b, labels 948,950 and Col. 2, lines 51-67 and Col. 3, lines 1-5). Thus, the phase detector would detect a lead or lag between the data transition pulses (Fig. 9b, output from label 948) and the adjusted timing pulses (Fig. 9b, labels 970,974,980 and Fig. 4, label 436) would be detected within the frame of the received signal.
- g. Claim 9, Regarding the limitation "the random walk counter sums the lead signals and lag signals as the running count", Marko et al discloses an early/late accumulator for summing the number of lead and lags. (Fig. 9b, label 956)

Art Unit: 2611

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Page 7

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 3. Claims 4,8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Marko et al (US Patent No.: 5463351) in view of Carlson (US Patent No.: 6167526).
  - a. Claim 4,
    - i. Marko et al teaches "a threshold count value selector for selecting the first threshold count value" by disclosing a controller for selecting a value less than 20 to be used by the comparator (Fig. 9b, label 962,966 and Col. 9, lines 24-29 and please refer to the rejection of claim 3 for further explanation of the threshold selector)
    - ii. Marko et al fails to discloses "an adaptive means for monitoring the rate at which the timing pulse delay is adjusted, the threshold value count selector adaptively selecting different first threshold count values when the adjustment rate exceeds a predetermined rate being a second threshold count value".
      - Carlson discloses a timing system updating or selecting the parameters
        of a window based on the predetermined value is less than the count of
        the early/late pulses. (Col. 3, lines 45-52) and an adaptive means,
        which updates or selects a new threshold when the predetermined rate

Art Unit: 2611

is less than the adjustment rate or the second threshold count value. (Col. 3, lines 45-52, Fig. 4, Fig. 3, labels 380,390,x0-x3)

Page 8

- Thus, it would be obvious to one skilled in the art to incorporate
   Carlson's invention into Marko et al's invention to provide more robust
   detection circuit, which is "less susceptible and sensitive to noise error."
- b. Claim 8 recites similar limitations regarding the "data transition pulse generator ...", "timing delay ...", "data transition pulse counter ...", and "lead and lag generator ..." as claim 7. The rejection for claim 8 regarding the limitations stated above is as stated for claim 7.
  - i. Claim 7 does not recite the limitation "a window delay for delaying the data transition pulses by half of a search window to center the data transition pulses within respective search windows".
    - Carlson discloses a window detection unit (Fig. 3, label 308), wherein
      the windows of the early and late detectors (Fig. 3, labels 320 and 322)
      is controlled by unit label 308. Thus, when one data transition pulse is
      detected to be either early or late within the window, the counter is
      increased or decreased (Fig. 3, label 370) and the adjusted timing
      pulses are produced. (Fig. 3, labels 308 and Col. 4, lines 26-32)

## Conclusion

 The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Art Unit: 2611

a. Surie et al (US Patent No.: 4599735)

b. Fujii (US Patent No.: 5349309)

c. Kuramatsu (US Patent No.: 5440298).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Linda Wong whose telephone number is 571-272-6044. The examiner can normally be reached on 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chieh Fan can be reached on (571) 272-3042. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Linda Wong

CHIEH M. FAN
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER